

<https://quizlet.com/208983209/more-recent-chinese-vocab-unit-15-flash-cards/>

6月15日



- zuò
① 做 make; do
- fú
② 服 clothes; serve
- wù
③ 务 (務) affair; business
- fú wù
服务 service
- yuán
④ 员 (員) member
- fú wù yuán
服务员 attendant
- xǐ
⑤ 喜 happy; like
- huān
⑥ 欢 (歡) merry
- xǐ huan
喜欢 like; be fond of

- mì
⑦ 秘 secret
- shū
⑧ 书 (書) book; write; script
- mì shū
秘书 secretary
- jīng
⑨ 经 (經) manage
- lǐ
⑩ 理 manage; natural science
- jīng lǐ
经理 manager
- chéng
⑪ 程 rule; order
- gōng chéng shī
工程师 engineer

This lesson, after looking at the new vocab above we did a listening passage which incorporated a lot of it.

In the course of this, a few words came up that are worth revising.

道 = dao4 = way (as in 'Daoism')

So 我知道 = I know (知 = knowledge so 'knowledge of the way' = I know

我不知道 = I don't know

贝 You won't often see this on your own but as a radical it's very common and usually has a meaning connected with money

We came across it in the 'word' for employee, member of staff, personnel = 员

You'll find the term 服务员 very useful in lots of circumstances

wángfāng de bà ba shì

(1) 王方的爸爸是_____。

tā shì

他是_____。

(a) 北京人, 律师

(b) 西安人, 律师

(c) 西安人, 商人

wángfāng de mā ma shì

(2) 王方的妈妈是_____。

tā shì

她是_____。

(a) 上海人, 护士

(b) 北京人, 大夫

(c) 北京人, 家庭主妇

shānběnmíng de bà ba shì

(3) 山本明的爸爸是_____。

tā shì

他是_____。

(a) 日本人, 银行家

(b) 日本人, 商人

(c) 英国人, 律师

shānběnmíng de mā ma shì

作业

I don't think I actually set any this week but I should have done so ...

Workbook, p. 126 ex 1

p.127 ex 4

p.128 ex 5