



这是我妈妈。这是我爸爸。这是我哥哥。
这是我姥姥。这是我儿子。这是我老公。

Zhè shì wǒ māmā. Zhè shì wǒ bàba. Zhè shì
wǒ gēge. Zhè shì wǒ lǎolao. Zhè shì wǒ érzi.

Zhè shì wǒ lǎogōng.

Other useful vocabulary:

女儿 nǚ'ér (daughter)

老婆 lǎopó (wife)

爱人 àirén (spouse)

Notes:

- I introduced my family, using the term: • 这是… Zhè shì … This is …
- In this situation, to say 'my' you can just say 'I': 我妈妈 (Wǒ māmā)
My mother
- We had previously looked at the character: 马 • On its own in means 'horse': mǎ • But it can be a phonetic for other characters –
eg: • 吗 (ma) (the question-marker) • Or 妈 (mā) • (to mean 'Mum')
- Many family words are doubled: bàba (Dad) māmā (Mum). In this case the first character has the tone and the second is weaker (neutral tone).

作业 (homework)

Write out these characters below into the right order so that the meaning matches the translation.

的英文不她好

(Her English isn' t good)

中 茶^(tea) 国好很

(Chinese tea is very good)

是他国哪人？

(What nationality is he?)

人是日她本

(She is Japanese)

美你是吗国人？

(Are you American?)

中很大国

(China is very big)

是他本人还日是国人中？

(Is he Japanese or Chinese?)