

Mandarin
3月21号

生词

高速公路

酒店

酒吧

乡村

D. Translate the following into Chinese. (PRESENTATIONAL)

1. **A:** Is the bookstore between the student center and the athletic field?

B: No, it's inside that dorm.

2. **A:** I heard the park isn't far away from here. Do you know how to get there?

B: Yes, I do. I'm heading there, too. Let's go together.

A: Great!


答案

- 书店在学生中心和运动场中间吗?
- 不是。是在宿舍里面
- 听说公园离这里不远。
- 你知道怎么走?
- 知道。我也想到哪里 (哪儿). 我们一起去吧
- 太好了

Grammar

5. The Dynamic Particle 过 (guo)

The dynamic particle 过 (guo) is used to denote a past experience or occurrence that did not continue to the present but, typically, had an impact on the present.

- ① 我在中国城工作过一年，所以我知道怎么走。
- 

④ 我以前去过中国城，知道怎么走。

⑤ 以前我们见过面，可是没说过话。

⑥ A: 你见过李小姐吗？

B: 见过，上个月还见过她。

Wǒ yǐqián qù guo Zhōngguóchéng, zhīdào zěnmē zǒu.

(I've been to Chinatown before. I know how to get there.)

⑤ 以前我们见过面，可是没说过话。



作业

Read all notes

Read the text below and answer the questions

C. Read the following passage and answer the questions.

老李去过中国城买东西、吃中国饭，但是每次都是坐朋友的车去。上个周末老李自己开车到中国城去，车里没有地图，他走错了。他想回家去拿地图，可是找不到回家的路。他想问问朋友，可是没有手机。老李很紧张，就到旁边的饭馆儿问。饭馆儿的师傅告诉他一直往东开，过三个红绿灯就能看到中国城了。

1. What had Old Li done in Chinatown in the past?
2. How did he go to Chinatown in the past?
3. Why couldn't he locate Chinatown last weekend?
4. Why didn't he go home for a map?
5. Why didn't he call someone for help?
6. Who gave him directions?
7. How did he finally find Chinatown?