

# Mandarin Chinese Beginners

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[noproblemchinese.com](http://noproblemchinese.com)

没问题

九十九

三十

十三

五

六十五

八十三

六

十七

四十

十二

九十八

十一

# Question words in context

怎么说。。。？

Can you remember how to pronounce these question words?

- **Who** is that?
- **What** is this?
- **Where** are they?
- **Which** one is yours?
- **What's** Shang hai **like**?
- **How much** is it?
- **How old** is she?

谁？

什么？

哪儿 / 哪里？

哪

怎么样

多少

多大？

The useful verb 'to go' (qu4)



# Being polite

- 请 Please (or 'to invite')
- 请进 Please come in
- 请坐 Please sit (take a seat)
- 请喝茶 Please drink tea (Have some tea)
- 请吃饭 Please eat food (Have something to eat)
- Practise this vocabulary here: [https://quizlet.com/\\_6jb5re](https://quizlet.com/_6jb5re)

# Areas and continents

(We'll go over all this again after Easter, so don't worry if you missed the lesson)

四川  
州  
洲  
欧洲  
亚洲

Si4 chuan1 (the Chinese province, particularly famous for spicy food and for pandas! 川 is a character which means 'river')

Zhou1 – area or province

Zhou1 (with the water radical) means 'continent'

Ou1 zhou1 = Europe

Ya4 zhou1 = Asia

英国在欧洲。 中国在亚洲。 日本不在欧洲，是在亚洲

# Countries – vocab

英国

yīng guó



中国

zhōng guó



美国

měi guó



日本

rì běn



法国

fǎ guó

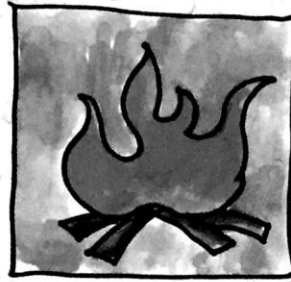


加拿大

jiā ná dà



A radical poem (sort-of)



水 火 土，

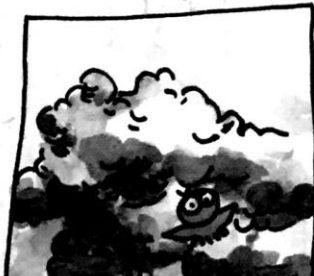


日 月 田。



山 里 木，

云 中 天。





# 作业

- Review the vocabulary of the lesson and practise with [this Quizlet](#)