

Mandarin  
3月20号 / 21号

# 写字

- |                          |                       |               |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1. Person                | 6. Bright (ming2)     | 12. sun (ri4) |
| 2. You                   | 7. Heaven (tian1)     | 13. white     |
| 3. Also                  | 8. Tomorrow           | 14. hundred   |
| 4. He                    | 9. today              | 15. field     |
| 5. She                   | 10. Yesterday         |               |
| 6. Ground (di4)          | 11. Work (gong1 zuo4) |               |
| 16. Earth (tu3)          | 19. Big (da4)         | 22. sit       |
| 17. Produce (sheng1)     | 20. Too much (tai4)   | 23. Rest      |
| 18. To be located (zai4) | 21. Ancient Arrow     | 24. medical   |

# 写字

- 25. Four
- 26. West
- 27. Alcohol (jiu3)
- 28. Friend (peng2)
- 29. Friend (you3)
- 30. To have
- 31. Again, and also (you4)
- 32. Left
- 33. Right
- 34. Cloud
- 35. Can (hui4)
- 36. Go (qu4)
- 37. Dusk, evening (xi1)
- 38. Mountain (shan1)
- 39. Years old (sui4)
- 40. Outside (wai4)
- 41. Many, much (duo1)
- 42. To be (shi4)
- 43. Measure word ge4
- 44. Not (bu4)
- 45. Spoon, ladle (shao2)
- 46. de

The main part of this lesson was taken up with an HSK 2 listening task. Go through this if you have time – but we'll go through a lot of it next lesson.

- Key language points:
- 怎么走 = how do you get there?
- 离这里不远。 Or 离这儿不远。 Not far from here
- 远不远? Or 远吗? Is far?
- 离这里很近。 离这儿很近。 It's very near here
- 找 to look for (or, to give in change)
- 我在找我的朋友 – I'm looking for my friend
- 找你5快 – I give you 5 yuan change
- 去学跳舞, 去学汉语 – learn how to dance, learn Chinese (literally: go study)

- 没事
- No problem, nothing's the matter. (literally: no issue)
- 有事吗?
- Is everything OK?
- 什么事?
- What's up?
- 我的眼睛没事
- My eyes are fine
- 多休息几天就好了
- Rest a bit more for a few days and it'll be fine

- 有什么可以帮您的
- May I help you? (formal)
- 他们最可能在哪儿?
- Where are they most likely to be?
- 很可能
- Very likely
- 你准备去哪儿玩儿?
- Where are you planning to go (for pleasure)?
- 你们是怎么认识的?
- How did you meet?
- 你丈夫没和你一起来
- Your husband didn't come with you
- 我一个人来了
- I came on my own

# 作业

- [New Quizlet](#) (remember: its purpose is to familiarise you with some useful vocab and sentence patterns). Practise them on flashcard mode, with the audio switched on.
  - In the coursebook, read page 33 , read the first dialogue on page 34, and read **the first** grammar point on page 35
  - Don't be put off by the grammatical terminology, which is harder than the Chinese! – just pay attention to the examples 1, 2 and 3.
- You'll notice that 就 is like *'then'* *'so'* or *'in that case'*